WHAT DR. W. W. GODDING CONSIDERED DALEY'S CONDITION. Insone When He Killed Kennedy and

Subsequently His Mental Condition Was the Same-His Delusions About Being Poisoned for His Property. The jury in the criminal court and Justice Montgomery sat all day yesterday and sate

into the afternoon listening to testimony to prove the defense that John Daley, who brutally murdered Mr. Jos. C. G. Kennedy in July last, was not of sound mind at the time of committing the bloody deed, and, therefore, should not be held responsible for the act. Francis P. Kelly, who resides a few miles outside of Philadelphia, was the first witness called. He had known Daley some fifteen years, and considered him a man not altogether in his mind.

Mrs. Margaret Hanlon, from the same

section of country as the preceding witness, stated that Daley had boarded with her for eleven years, and sometimes she thought that he must be of unsound misd on account of his actions and crossness. She also referred to delusions that he enter-

tained.

Jeremiah Hanlon, husband of the last witness, did not think Daley of altogether sound mind.

Patrick Ryan, a Philadelphia witness, thought Daley crazy, but never knew him to do anything bad.

Mrs. Eliza Bannon, residing at N and Fourteenth streets, swore that she had known Daley twenty-five or twenty-six years, and, from her knowledge of the man and his conduct, she thought that at times he was not sane.

years, and, from her knowledge of the man and his conduct, she thought that at times he was not same.

On cross-examination she stated that Daley's mother at one time lived in Kennedy's house as a servant. At the time of his father's death Daley expected money from some M street property. He said that Mr. Kennedy had not got for the property what it was worth, and he (Daley) would frequently curse and damn Mr. Kennedy and say that Kennedy paid \$900 for the property and he (Daley) only received \$50 of it. He said that Kennedy had cheated or robbed his (Daley's) father. Daley said that Kennedy had paid his father \$15 a month—the reat of the house.

Johanison Pogginsee teatified that Daley boarded with her in Georgetown in 1884, and at times she thought he was a crazy man. He said that the people where he had boarded before had tried to poison him and others were cheating him out of his property. He never had trouble with any boarder in the house, and his behavior was very good. He told the witness that he had a wife and child; they died and it made him crazy.

On cross-examination Mrs. Pogginsee

any boarder in the house, and his behavior was very good. He told the witness that he had a wife and child; they died and it made him cray.

On cross-examination Mrs. Pogginsee stated that Daley paid his board regularly until he assaulted a man and went to jail. When he came back she gave him his clothes, razor, and pocket kuite. He seemed nervous, but did no harm to any person.

Emanuel Jackson, a harness maker on Louisiana avenue, said that he became acquainted with Daley at Fort Slocum, in the county, in 1863, when on guard duty at that place with Gen. Rucker's brigade. Some eighteen years later he saw Daley at his store, and after that saw him often. According to his judgment Daley was a man of unsound mind. He told a great many stories about himself and what he had been doing. On one occasion he claimed to have been with the brothers at some Catholic institution, and asserted that he bad been poisoned. He declared that the brothers, sisters, and priests were all in cahoots to kill people. They would get a man smong them, work on him, poison, and finally kill him. Then the priest would come, say a few words over the body, and that would be the end of it. The witness told Daley that there was something wrong with his mind, and he replied that his mind was all right. Subsequent conversations made the witness believe that Daley was not all right.

On cross-examination the witness said at the first conversation Daley's eye twitched and he did not like the looks of it. That was the only wrong noticed at that time. A good many insane people came to the witness's place, but he was unable to tell how they happened to drift in that direction. He thought-baley a dangerous man, but said nothing about it to the police or any one else until after the killing of Kennedy.

On redirect-examination the witness said he did-not know that he would be able to pick out a crazy man when he saw one.

Christian Pogginsee said that Daley boarded with his wife; he kept quiet; was a good boarder, and paid regularly. He always talked a

and that there were three men with whom he would get even—a doctor, Catholic priest and real estate man. He claimed that they wanted to get him out of the way and get some property of his located on Fourteenth street. From the way he acted and talked the witness said he did not think Daley altogether of sound mind. On crossexamination the witness said that Dalley was not thought dangerous while at his

house.
Edward D. Corcoran was well acquainted

Edward D. Corcoran was well acquainted with Daley, and had known him for sixteen years. From his knowledge and observation of the man he thought him of unsound mind. He was continually harping on having been drugged, and all the talking would not drive it out of his mind.

On cross-examination the witness said he believed that Daley had been drugged, and thought whether or not Daley told the truth about it he was insane. He told Daley that unless he stopped talking the nonsense about being drugged he would go crazy.

Dr. W. W. Godding, superintendent of the hospital for the insane, testified that since 1850 he had made a specialty of disease of the mind. He made an examination of Daley in the jall, in company with Dr. Chapin, of the Pennsylvania Hospital of Philadelphia, at the request of the district attorney, and afterward prepared a report for that officer. In the judgment of the witness, at the time Daley committed the homicide he was insane, and that he was in the same condition of mind at the time of the medical examination in the jall. He gave the opinion at the time of the making of the examination, and had seen no reason for changing it since. He regarded it as chronic mania.

On cross-examination the witness recounted what occurred on the two visits made to the jall to see Daley, and repeated portions of the conversations had with him. It is expected that the examination will be concluded to-day.

THE IRISH-AMERICAN CLUB

Elects Officers and Arranges for the Annual Ball.

The second annual meeting of the Irish American Club was held last evening and the spacious rooms were filled with membes. Col. John G. Healy, the president, in the chair. The other officers, Messrs. Thomas Kirby, treasurer: Paul E. Flyan, maucial scoretary, and Mortimer Downing, recording secretary, were in their respective places. The application for membership of Mr. Arthur Small, of West Washington, was received and referred to the committee on membership.

Mr. Artnur Small, or West Washington, was received and referred to the committee on membership.

After the collection of a large amount of dues, the following were elected officers for the current year: President, Hon. Wm. H. Crain, M. C.; first vice president, John H. Rogers; second vice president, John H. Rogers; second vice president, Charles W. Pepper; recording secretary, William J. O'Conneff; funncial secretary, Dennis O'Conneff; funncial secretary, Dennis O'Conneff; funncial secretary, Dennis O'Conneff; funncial secretary, Dennis O'Conneff; funncial secretary, and ortimer A. Downing, and Faul E. Flyan; sergeant-at-arms, John Hartnett.
On motion of Chas. W. Pepper, a vote of thanks was passed to the retiring officers, and was ordered to be embraced in the micutes of the meeting.
Col. Healy, Thomas Kirby, and J. D. O'Connell were speciated to watton Representative Crain to notify him of his unanimous election to the position of president. After an interchauge of opinion in regard to the time for giving the second annual ball, the following were appointed to make the necessary arangements: John H. Rogers, Col. John G. Healy, Thomas Kirby, Michael Tierney, Maj. D. A. O'Driscoil, J. D. O'Connell, and Paul E. Flynn.

The meeting then adjourned.

The meeting then adjourned.

John Whistier had his right foot badly injured at the crossing of the Baltimore and Ohio rathroad, at Delaware avenue and

A "WORLD'S EXPOSITION." The Bill Introduced Yesterday by Sen-

ator Hoar, In behalf of the National Board of Promotion, composed of members from forty-five states and territories, Senator Hoar, of Massachusetts, introduced in the Senate yesterday the following bill, which was re-

ferred to the select committee on the cen-tennial of the constitution and the discovery of America:

ferred to the select committee on the ceutennial of the constitution and the discovery of America:

A BILL to provide for a World's Expesition at the National Capital in 1892, and thereafter a Permanent Exposition of the three Americas in honor of the 400th anniversary of the discovery of America.

Whereas the year 1892 will be the 400th anniversary of the discovery of America by Christopher Columbus.

Whereas a becoming pride in American institutions, civilization, and progress require that this great historical event be duly colebrated in a manner becoming the dignity, wealth, and grandour of the Western Hemisphere: therefore

Be it canceted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Omerica and the analysis of the United States of America in Compress assembled. That a world's exposition be held at the national capital in 1892 and thereafter a permanent exposition of the three Americans, under the joint auspices of the United States, the forty-six states and territories, and the sixteen independent sister nations of the American continent.

Sec. 2. That the management of said exposition consist of a governmental board of twenty-one directors, seven to be appointed by the President of the United States, seven by the President of the States and territories, and one by the executive of cach of the introduces, be assigned in some unoccupied governmental reservation in the city of Washington, as follows:

Sec. 4. That space for said world's exposition, and permanent exposition of the introduces of the forty-six states and territories, or amajority theorem, said space to be available whenever said states and territories of the United States, and space to be available when

ever and states and territories, or a majority thereof, shall make the necessary appropriations for the expenses of said building and exhibit.

Il. Space for a permanent three Americas building fora permanent exhibit of the history, antiquities, resources, arts, and industries of the fifteen spanish-American republies, the empire of Brazil, the dominion of Canada, and the various colonies of North, Central, and South America, said space to be available whenever said nations and colonies, or a majority thereof, shall make the necessary appropriations for the expenses of said building and exhibit.

Ill. Space for a temporary building, or buildings, for a temporary exhibit, between the lst of May and the Sist of October: 1892 by all nations, other than those of the American continent, and by the private exhibitors of all nations of the world, said space to be available whenever the necessary funds are provided for said buildings and the expenses of conducting said exhibit.

IV. A suitable site for a statue of Christopher Columbus, said site to be available whenever the necessary funds are provided for the expenses of said statue.

Sec. 6. That space be assigned in some governmental reservation in the city of Washington for the following permanent government buildings, viz:

I. Space for the enlargement of the present national museum into a continental or three Americas museum, said space to be available whenever the necessary funds are provided for said purpose.

II. Space for a permanent building, under the control of the Interior Department, for the exhibit of working models of important American inventions, said space to be available whenever the necessary funds are provided for said purpose.

Sec. 6. That the President of the United whenever the necessary funds are provided for said purpose.

whenever the necessary hunds are provided for said purpose.

SEC. 5. That the President of the United States is authorized to invite the several states and territories of the United States and the several sister nations of the three Americas to participate in said exposition in the manner heretofore provided.

SEC. 7. That whenever the necessary funds are provided for the said temporary exhibit during 1802, the President of the United States is authorized to invite all foreign nations, other than those of the American continent, to par-ticipate in said exposition.

SELLING LIQUOR TO MINORS.

The Responsibility Thrown Upon the Dealer.

Joseph Mansfield, 10 years old, and Richard Williams, 12 years old, yesterday testified to buying liquor from James Mctestified to buying liquor from James Mc-Carthy, grocer, corner First and N streets. McCarthy said that the Williams boy said that he same for liquor for his mother, who wanted to put it in a cake. Judge Snell, in disposing of the case, said: 'If a minor presents himself in a man's place and wants whiskey the law throws the burden upon the dealer to know what he is doing. If the minor present a written order from a parent and the dealer knows his signature, that would probably be a protection; but if he sells the liquor on a verbal statement of the boy he sells it at his peril. He is fined \$20 or thirty days in each case."

On the recommendation of Mr. Padgett the court ordered a warrant to be made out charging McCarthy with perjury.

Counsel for McCarthy noted an appeal.

THE CONGRESSIONAL LIBRARY. Why the Work on Its Construction Has

A report transmitted to Congress yester day by Secretary Lamar under date of Dec. 20 last in regard to the construction of the congressional library building shows that the cellar excavation has been entirely comthe cellar excavation has been entirely com-pleted and the sewers for drainage put in. The rejection by the architect of the ce-ments furnished by the contractor for lay-ing the concrete foundations, the report says, has caused an unexpected delay in the work. All the buildings on the site for the library except those needed for government use have been sold and demolished and the proceeds, \$8,450, together with \$509 re-ceived from rents, turned into the treasury.

Dr. R. C. Flower, of Beston.

We understand that Dr. R. C. Flower, of Boston, will be at the Hotel Windsor, Trenton, N. J., Tuesday, Jan. 10; Carrollton House, Baitimere, Md., Wednesday, Jan. 11; the Riggs House, Washington, D. C., Thursday and Friday, Jan. 12 and 13, where he may be consulted professionally. This will afford an excellent opportunity for the sick who wish to consult the distinguished Boston physician to do so.

Dr. Flower, we understand, will be on his way with his family to Florida, where they will spend the winter in their palatial tropical home on the St. John's river. The doctor himsely will return in a few days to his practice in Boston, which demands all his time. But few men are as well known in this country as Dr. Flower. His practice is said to be the largest of any physician in the world, his patients numbering thousands. He has in his employ the most skilled physicians of the country, also electricians and magnetists. One remarkable feature in Dr. Flower's practice, as claimed by his friends, is that he can tell any one his disease better than they can tell him and this without asking them any questions. This is a great claim to make for any one, but our sick readers will soon have the opportunity of demonstrating the correctness of it. But if this te true we see no reason why he should not successfully treat and cure the supposed incurables, whose diseases are not ordinarily understood. Dr. Flower is rapidly completing his health home or sanatalium in Boston, which, it is said, will be the most complete, perfect, and magnificent health resort in North America. It is said in this sanatarium every treatment in the known world in which there is any merit will be given; that the claborate bath departments will vie with the old Albambrian Bath Emportum of Madrid. Dr. R. C. Flower, of Beston.

ment in the known world in which there is any merit will be given; that the elaborate bath departments will vie with the old Alhambrian Bath Emporium of Madrid. The stopping of Dr. Flower at the above named places is the result of an earnest effort on the part of some of his patients and friends, and though his stays are brief they will afford some of his many admirers an opportunity to consult with him.

East Washington Onlet.

citizens of Northeast Washington and the county held a meeting last night at the Mount Hamilton school house. The business transacted was only of a routine character. Discussions were made about various improvements needed in that sec-tion, but nothing was done in the way of recommendation or by resolution calling for the same. for the same.

Reunion After Fourteen Years Passes The Misantbrope Club, which numbers about thirty members, met at Aman's last night to partake of a banquet and talk over things that happened since they met four-teen years ago. The gentlemen were not anxious to parade themselves before the public, and as their modesty is in good taste the names of the members and what they did and said will not be mentioned. E street, yesterday by a car wheel passing

STRUCK BLIND. The Deadly Polson that Blighted the

Optic Nerve. [Rochester Union and Advertiser.] Our reporter was very much struck with conversation between two well-known citizens a short time ago. "I notice you wear very strong eye-

"Yes, yes; I am a perfect slave to my goggles. It is hard for me to understand thy one's eyesight falls when all other sculties appear to be in good condition Even the young appear to lose their eye

Even the young appear to lose their eyesight."

"I question very much the theory and
the old notion that poor light, fine print,
&c., is responsible for it."

"It is well you may. If you consult an
coulst for eye treatment, you will find he
is almost sure to analyze the fluids passed
before he will commence treatment. One
once told me that over half of the failing
eyesight was attributable to disease of the
kidneys, because of their inability to expel
the urle sold from the system."

"How is that?"

"I do not know. He claimed that failing
eyesight was one of the most prominent
symptoms of advanced kidney and Bright's
disease."

Becoming more interested our reporter

cycsight was one of the most prominent symptoms of advanced kidney and Bright's disease."

Becoming more interested our reporter thought he would carry investigations still further, and called upon an institution where several prominent physicians are employed, and asked the question:

"Why is it that uric acid or kidney poison affects the eyes?"

One of them answered, "It does not affect the eyes any more than any other organ. It is one of the symptoms of kidney disease. The system becomes saturated with uric acid, and, as a result, the weakest organ is the first to suffer. It may be the lungs, heart, brain, or any other organ; it generally affects many of the other organs, and the person so affected may call it general debility or premature old age, when in reality it is but the effect of uric acid continually poisoning the system, gradually consuming the patient. It is for this reason our remedy cures so many persons of what are ordinarily called diseases, which, in fact, are only symptoms. We cure the cause and the cause cures the effect."

"Then you cure blindness, do you!"

"I will say yes, if you wist to put it as broad as that, and yet we are not entitled to the credit. When we restore the kidneys to health, they in turn restore the kidneys to health, they in turn restore the kidneys to a healthy action, and they cause the cure, and so it is with many of the diseases that we cure, which in reality are but symptoms. For instance, N. S. Sparks, of Rochester, says: "I had lost the use of one eye, and the other was rapidly failing, caused by impure blood. I took Warner's safe cure to purify my blood. Hardly expected it to restore my eyesight, but it has done so."

W. A. Bargy, of this city, says: "My little daughter, 7 years old, complained some two years since of inability to see, and we noticed that she stumbled over things while walking about the house. I looked at her eyes and found them almost white. This so alarmed me that I consulted a physician, who said it would be necessary to have an operation pe To this I could not consent, but allowed him to give her several treatments. She grew worse and wasted to a mere skelston, until a doctor, more honest than the rest, advised Warner's safe cure, and we began its use. I noticed improvement at once, and gradually she regaled her health."

Mrs. Emma A. Densmore, Washington, D. C., had her eyesight suddenly fall her, so she was unable, as she says, to read even the largest print, or recognize friends on the street. After a few bottles of Warner's safe cure her eyesight began to return, and continuing its use, she was completely restored.

continuing its use, she was completely restored.

Urle acid has a special liking for the optic nerve, and it is no uncommon thing for the eyesight to begin to fail as the kidney disorder advances, while the other organs remain in apparent good health for a longer period, or until there is a general giving way of the system. Then physicians blandly pronounce the malady general debility, or call a symptom a disease, that was the most prominent before death claimed its victim. They may call it spoplexy, paralysis, consumption, pneumonia, blood poisoning, impoverished blood, malaria, rheumatism, pieurisy—neverthelees it is kidney disease all the same, under another name.

"Why all this deception?"

"Because the so-called medical fraternity have no preparations that can cure kidney disease, especially when it has become advanced, and they are ashamed to acknowledge it, and many of them are too hidebound to their code to use a prescription and a specific for the kidneys because it is advertised, and the proprietors refuse to expose their formula. That is exactly as it is, in as few words as I can give it."

"Thanks. You have no objections to my publishing this interview?"

"None, whatever. We have no secrets

publishing this interview?"
"None, whatever. We have no secrets here, except our formula."

THE COMMISSIONERS' TRICKS. Mutilating a Letter Book for Decep-

tive Purposes. The commissioners were very indignant esterday at the reporters discovering a ittle trick of theirs which they had not inended should become known to the public, some time ago the Baltimore and Potomac Railroad Company determined on laying a dding on Canal street for a distance of 300 siding on Canal street for a distance of 300 feet between New Jersey avenue and Second street southeast. The company started to construct the siding under the plea that it was to benefit the United Oil Company. The residents of that violatity entered Jan indignant protest, and the police interferred with the construction of the siding, it being said that the work was being done without the requisite permit. The commissioners gave no answer or the siding, it being said that the work
was being done without the requisite permit. The commissioners gave no answer
that ceuld be interpreted as to whether the
permit would be granted or not. At any
rate the permit was granted on Dec. 27
last. The strangest part of the affair is
that the order allowing the construction
of the siding was never given
out, but was held in secret for several
days and two leaves in the letter book,
where the order should have appeared,
were cut out. The reporters, who had
kept the affair in mind, yesterday on getting hold of the letter-book turned back a
number of pages to look up several matters
and in doing so discovered the order fastened in the book; at its proper place. When the
fact became known to the commissioners
that the reporters had caught
on to the trick they got very angry, and
one of them, it is alleged, threatened to
have one of the reporters discharged from
his paper. This discovery will explain
many little things happening which the
public should know about, but are kept
secret.

The following is the order referred to:

The following is the order referred to : That permission is hereby given the Baltimore and Fotomac Rallroad Company to extend one of its side tracks on Canal street, between New Jersey avenue and Second street, so theses, 190 feet, to facilitate the construction of a siding into square 750 for the use of Baltimore United Oil Company, as per plat with applied ion of said railroad company. This permit is subject to revocation at the pleasure of the commissioners.

The Fact About Butterine There is a certain cake baker in this cityone who takes particular pride in the quality of his manufacture, and who really enjoys

of his manufacture, and who really enjoys at enviable reputation—who has been a continuous consumer of butterine for some months past. At first he was prejudiced against it, because it was not the Simon-pure dairy product; but, after he saw that the use of so-called "cooking butter" was having a decidedly injurious effect upon the standing of his goods, he was induced to make a triat of butterine, chiefly upon the recommendation of a lady friend who had been led to try it by reason of its published praises. This baker, in conversation with Billy Ford, said on yesterday:

"I admit I was a little backward at first in trying butterine, but that was only because I feared it was on a par with other manufactured articles. But heaven knows I had had trouble enough with poor butter, and, after one of my customers had given me her experience with the article, I concluded to try it. I am more than satisfied with the absolute reliability of the article."

W. C. Scribner is the agent for butterine. article."
W. C. Scribner is the agent for butterine, and his stalls are in the Center, Eastern, and Northern Liberty Markets.

Traverers visiting Boston pronounce sychisted Revers house on the depois, busi-in this country. Convenient to depois, busi-ness, hopping, and theaters. Roomsall light, elegant suites, excellent service, its world-famous cuising better than ever. European APPOINTED AT LAST.

The Subdivisions of the House as An nounced Yesterday. The following is a complete list of the committees as announced yesterday by the Speaker. The first name on each committee is that of the chairman:

is that of the chairman:

Ways and Means—Mills, Tex.; McMillan, Tenn.; Breekinridge, Ark.; Breekinridge, Ky.; Turner, Ga.; Wilson, W.Va.; Scott, Pa.; Byoum, Ind.; Kelley, Pa.; Browne, Ind.; Reed, Mc.; McKinley, C.; Burrows, Mich.
Appropriations—Randall, Pa.; Forney, Als.; Burnes, Mo.; Fornn, O.; Sayers, Tex.; Clements, Gs.; Felix Campbell, N. Y.; Gsy, La.; Rice, Minn.; Cannou, Ill.; Ryan, Kan.; Butterworth, O.; Long, Mass.; McComas, Md.; D. B.; Henderson, Ia.
Judiciary—Culberson, Tex.; Collins, Mass.; Seney, O.; Cates, Ala.; Rodgers, Ark.; Glover, Mo.; Henderson, N. C.; Buckalew, Pa.; Stewart, Ga.; E. H. Taylor, O.; Parker, N. Y.; Stewart, V.; Caswell, Wis.; Adams, Ill.; Fuller, Is.

No., Henderson, N. C.; Buckalew, Fa.; Slewart, Ga.; E. B. Taylor, O.; Parker, N. Y.; Stewart, V.; Caswell, Wis.; Adams, Ill.; Fuller, Ia.

Benking and currency—Wilkins, O.; Sayder, W. Va.; Howard, Ind.; Dargan, S. C.; Hutton, Mo.; Bacon, N. Y.; Landes, Ill.; McKenney, N. H.; Diugley, Me.; Brumm, Pa.; Woodburn, Nev.; Whiling, Mass.; Wilber, N. Y.

Colmage, weights and measures—Hand, Mo.; Norwood, Ga.; Hemphill, S. C.; Tracy, N. Y.; Wilson, Minn.; Wilkinson, La.; Martin, Tex.; Hall, Pa.; Payson, Ill.; Kean, N. Y.; Vandever, Csl.; Belden, N. Y.; Wikham, O.; Toole, Mont. Cemmerce—Clardy, Mo.; Crisp, Ga.; Tarsney, Mich.; Rayner, Md.; A. R., Anderson, Ia.; Lagen, La.; Wilson, Minn.; Bryce, N. Y.; Phelam, Tenn.; O'Neill, Pa.; Dunham, Ill., Davis, Mass.; J. A. Anderson, Kan.; Davenport, N. Y.; Browne, Va.

Rivers and harbors—Blanchard, La.; Jones, Ala.; Stewart, Tex.; Catchings, Miss.; Wise, Va.; Snyder, W. Va.; Gibson, Md.; Fisher, Mich.; Thompson, Cal.; Henderson, Ill.; Bayne, Fa.; Grosvenor, Ohlo; Nutting, N. Y.; Stephenson, Wis.; Cogswell, Mass.

Merchant marrine and fisheries—Dunn, Ark.; McMillan, Tenn.; Morse, Mass.; Springer, Ill.; Haltoh, Mo.; Breckhridge, K.; Cummings, N. Y.; Macdonald, Minn.; Dingley, Me.; Hoyling, H.; Fenlon, Cal.; Farquiner, N. Y.; Macdonald, Minn.; Dingley, Me.; Hoyling, H.; Fenlon, Cal.; Farquiner, N. Y.; Macdonald, Minn.; Dingley, Me.; Hoyling, H.; Fenlon, Cal.; Farquiner, N. Y.; Morean, Miss.; Glass, Tenn.; Burnett, Mass.; McClammy, N. C.; Garlon, S. C.; Ketchinm, N. Y.; Pnelpy, N. J.; Hitt, Ill.; Rockwell, Mass.; McClammy, N. O.; Morean, Miss.; Glass, Tenn.; Burnett, Mass.; McClammy, N. O.; Morean, Miss.; Glass, Tenn.; Burnett, Mass.; McClammy, N. O.; Morean, Miss.; Glass, Tenn.; Burnett, Mass.; McClammy, N. O.; Morean, Miss.; Glass, Tenn.; Burnett, Mass.; McClammy, N. O.; Morean, Miss.; Glass, Tenn.; Burnett, Mass.; McClammy, N. O.; Morean, Miss.; Monteon, Mich.; Hayden, Mass.; Parsonioles and postroads—Blount, Ga.; Dockery, Mc.; Morean, N. Y.; Ellott, S. C.; Abbout, Pa.; Hut, Ill.; R

McDonald, Minn.; Turner, Kall.; Voorhees, W. T.
Indian Affairs—Feel, Ark.; Ailen, Miss.; Shively, Ind.; Perry. S. C.; Hudd, Wis.; McShare, Neb.; Cobb, Ala, Hare, Tex.; Ferkins, Kan.; Nelson, Minn.; La Follette, Wis.; Darlington, Pa.; Allen, Mich.; Gifford, Dak.
Territories—Springer, Ill.; Barnes, Ga.; Cox.
N. Y.; Elliott, S. C.; Hayes, Iowa; Kilgore, Tex.; Manson, Mo.; Ford, Mich.; Struble, Iowa; Baker, N. Y.; Dorsey, Neb.; Symes, Col.; Warner, Mo.; Joseph, N. M.
Raliroads and Canals—Davidson, Fla.; McRae, Ark.; Stone, Ky.; Pidcocx, N. J.; Hayes, Iowa; Biyee, N. Y.; Cobb, Ala; Carlton, Ga.; Plumb, Ill.; Wilber, N. Y.; McCormick, Pa.; Gaines, Va.; Russell, Conn.
Mannfactures—Bacon, N. Y.; Buchanan, Ark.; Wilson, W. Va.; Bynum, Ind.; McKenney, N. H.; Grimes, Ga.; Herman, Oreg.; Bunnell, Pa.; Hopkins, N. Y.; Crouse, Ohio; Smith, Wis.
Mines and mining—O'Ferrall, Va.; Foran.

Ark., Wilson, W. Va.; Bynnin, Ind.; McKenney, N. H.; Grimes, Ga.; Herman, Oreg.; Bunnel, Pa.; Hopkins, N. V.; Crouse, Ohio; Smith, Wis.

Mines and mining—O'Ferrall, Va.; Foran, Ohio; Candler, Ga.; Neal, Tenn.; Greenman, S. Y. Whitney, Mich.; Lynch, Pa.; Biggs, Cal.; Woodburn, Nev. McCullough, Pa.; Gest, Ill.; Flood, N. Y.; Nichols, N. C.; Smith, Artz.

Public buildings and grounds—Dibble, S. C.; Johnston, N. C.; Sowden, Pa.; Neal, Tenn.; Newton, La. McShane, Neb.; Bankhead, Aia; Hogg, W. Va.; Milliker, Mc.; Wade, Mo.; Lehlbach, N. J.; Kennedy, Ohio; Post, Ill.

Facific railroads—Outhwate, Ohio; Crain, Tex.; Richardson, Tenn.; Barnes, Ga.; Coillus, Mass.; Caruth, Ky.; Tracy, N. Y.; Granger, Conn.; Weber, N. Y.; Holmes, Jowa; Daizell, Pa.; Hovey, Ind., Mason, Ill.

Lovees and improvements of the Mississippi river—Catchings, Miss; Glass, Tenn.; Tarsnoy, Mich.; Lawler, Hr.; Montgomery, Ky.; Walker, Morrill, Kan; Grant, V.; Scull, Pa.

Education—Candler, Ga.; Mahoney, N. Y.; Chin, Tex.; Caruth, Ky.; Buckalew, Pa.; Lane, Ill.; Cobb, Als.; Pennington, Del.; O'Donnell, Mich.; J. D., Taylor, Ohio; Russell, Conn.; Belden, N. Y.; White, Ind.

Labor—O'Seill, Mo.; Tarsney, Mich.; Felix Campbell, N. Y.; Davidson, Ala.; Comptou, Mo.; Candler, Ga.; Frence, Conn.; Burnett, Mass.; Buchanan, N. J.; Bound, Pa.; Plumb, Ill., Nichols, N. C.; Haugen, Wis.

Millia—McAdoo, N. J.; Forney, Ala.; Sowden, Pa.; Seney, Onio; Gibson, Md.; Blanchard, La.; Stewart, Tex.; Spinola, N. Y.; Lehbbach, N. J.; Chipman, Mich.; Yoder, Ohio; Cann.; Welker, A.; Honder, Ga.; Greenman, N. Y.; Lane, Ill.; Martin, Texas; Mainh, Wis.; Thomas, Ky.; Arnold, R. I.

Invalid pensions—Masson, Ind.; Pideock, N. J.; Chipman, Mich.; Yoder, Ohio; Cane, Pa.; Seney, Onio; Gloson, Chio; Cane, Pa.; Stewart, Tex.; Spinola, N. Y.; Lehbbach, N. J.; Chipman, Mich.; Yoder, Ohio; Lane, Ill.; Jynch, Pa.; French, Conn.; Welker, Mo.; J.; Chipman, Mich.; Yoder, Ohio; Cane, Pa.; Seney, Onio; Hawa, Welker, Mo.; J.; Chipman, Mich.; Yoder, Ohio; Cane, Pa.; Seney, Onio; Hawa, Welker, Mo.;

Arnold, R. I.

Invalid pensions—Matson, Ind.; Pidcock, N.

J.; Chipman, Meb.; Yoder, Ohio; Lane, Ill.;
Lynch, Pa.; French. Conn.; Walker, Mo.;
Thompson, Cal.; Morrill, Kan.; Sawyer, N. Y.;
Galilinger, N. H.; Spooner, R. I.; Thompson,
Ohio; Hunter, Ky.

Thompson, Cal.; Morrill, Kan.; Sawyer, N. Y.; Gallinger, N. H.; Spooner, R. I.; Thompson, Ohio; Hunter, Ky.
Pensions—Bliss, N. Y.; Hutton, M.S.; Dougherty, Fla.; Henderson, N. C.; Barry, Miss.; Bankhead, Ala.; Carlon, Ga.; Russel, Masa.; Struble, Iowa; Butler, Tenn.; Finley, Ky.; Senil, Pa.; De Land, N. Y.; Tatubee, Sy.; Stambons, N. C.; French, Conn.; Lynch, Pa.; Maisser, M.; Campbell, N. Y.; Tatubee, Ky.; Stambons, N. C.; French, Conn.; Lynch, Pa.; Maisser, Mo.; Baker, H.; McCullough, Pa.; Maisser, Mo.; Baker, H.; McCullough, Pa.; Cheadle, Ind.; Kerr, Iowa; Bowden, Va.; Laidiaw, N. Y.; Lawler, H.; Slockdele, Miss.; Granger, Conu.; O'Nea, Ind.; Panniasson, Del.; Wilkinson, La.; Hissisaid, Pa.; Thomas, W.; Cruise, Ohio; Galnes, Va.; Brower, Ky.; Weaver, Iowa; Glover, Mo.; Perry, S. C.; Sayers, Tex.; Washington, Tenn.; Cockran, N. Y.; Latham, N. C.; Dorsey, Neb.; Thomas, Wis.; Bowen, Va.; Wickham, Ohio; Gest, Ill.; Smith, Arlz.
District of Columbia—Hemphill, S. C.; J. E. Campbell, Ohio; Compton, Md.; Heard, Mo.; Mahony, N., Y.; Latham, N. C.; Dersey, Meh.; Thomps, Wis.; Bowen, Va.; Rousels, Ohio; Brewer, Mich.; The revision of the laws—Oates, Ala.; Turner, Ga; Townshend, Ill.; Barnes, Mo.; Mafson, Ind.; Dibble, S. C.; Lauham, Tex.; Hegg, W. Va.; Finley, Ky.; Brower, Mich.; Vardley, Pa.; Boothman, Ohio; Intier, Tenn. Expenditures in the Sate Department—Horre, Mass.; Belmont, N. Y.; Stewart, Ga.; Lee, Va.; Atkinsen, Pa.; Brower, N. C.; Ker, Iowa.

owa.

Expenditures in the Treasury Department—
Niceler, Ala.; Culberson, Tex.; Simmons, N.

Isiali, Fa.; Farquhar, N. Y.; Gallinger, N.

I; Bowlen, Va.

Expenditures in the War Department—
Asinous, Ky.; Jones, Ala.; Wilkins, Ohio; Rice,
Ninn.; Warner, Mo.; Arnold, R. I.; DeLano,
N. Y. N.Y. Expenditures in the Navy Department—Scott, Pa.; Herbert, Ala.; Morgan, Miss.; Romels, Ohio; Sawyer, N. Y.; Madiett, Pa. Expenditures in the Postoffice Department—Dockery, Mo.; Cowley, N. C.; Merriman, N.; Andersop, Miss.; Brown, Ohio; Post, Ill.; Moffett, N., Charles, M. C.; Merriman, N. C feet, N. Y.

Expenditures in the Interior Department—
Hund, Wis.; Bliss, N. Y.; O'Neiti, Mo; Washlogton, Tenn.; Brumm, Poun.; West, N. Y.;
Brwn, Va.;
Expenditures in the Department of Justice—
Cowies, N. C.; Fornay, Ala; Hutton, Mo;
Greenman, N. Y.; Thompson, obto; Sherman,
N. Y.; Horkins, Va.

Expenditures on public buildings—T. J.
Campbell, N. Y.; Bougherty, Fla; Barry, Miss.;
Walser, Mo.; Milliken, Me.; Yardicy, Pa.;
Yost, Va. Campbell, N. V.; Dougherty, Fia; Harry, Miss; Walker, Mo.; Milliken, Mo.; Yardiey, Pa.; Yost, Va. Accounts—Shaw, Md.; Snowden, Pa., Hays, Iowa; Gitmes, Ga.; Lee, Va.; O'Donnell, Mich.; Bound, Pa.; Flood, N. V.; Boothman, Ohio.

Mich., Bound, Pa.; Flood, N. Y.; Boothman.
Ohio.

1. Dravy—Stabluceker, N. Y.; Davidson, Fla.;
Gey, La.; O'Neill, Pa.; Owen, Ind.
Enroled bills—Fisner, Mich.; Enloe, Tenn.;
Geringo, Ca.; Kilgore, Tex.; Holmes, Iowa;
Kennedy, Ohio.
Printing—Richardson, Tenn.; Gilson, Md.;
Hiosnad, Pa.

Reform in the civil service—Clements, Ga.;
Borgan, S. C.; Stone, Md.; Bryce, N. Y.; Rusk,
Md.; Phelan, Tonn.; Abbott, Tex.; Anderson,
lowa; Rayu-Fa.; Hopkins, Hl.; Sponer, R. I.;
Fitch, N. Y.; Thomas, Ky.
Election of President and Vice President—
Ernsulvant, Pa.; Crain, Tex.; Ped. Ark.; Campings, N. Y.; Lagan, La.; Lawler, Hl.; Gobpap., S. C.; Rowland, N. C.; Baker, Hl.; Obpap., S. C.; Rowland, N. C.; Baker, Hl.; Obpap., S. C.; Rowland, N. C.; Baker, Hl.; Obpap., S. C.; Rowland, N. C.; Blever, M.;
Eleverath census—Cox. N. Y.; Rigont, Ga.

Eleverath census—Cox. N. Y.; Rigont, Ga.

Eleventh census—Cox, N. Y.; Blount, Ga. olman, Ind.; Clardy, Mo.; Seney, Onlin Taul c. Ky.; Perry, S. C.; Newton, La.; McXenna h.; J. D. Taylor, Ohio; Hopkins, Va.; Mallati Gal., J. D. Taylor, Ohio: Hopkins, Va.; Mattati, Pr.; Sherman, N. Y.; Jindiani depredation glaims—Whitshorov, Tenn.; Punn. Ark. Howard, Ind.; Allen. Miss.; Shively, Ind.; Hare, Tax; Biggs, Cal.; Buchanan, N. J.; Symes, Col.; Bunnell, Pa.; Buchanan, N. J.; Symes, Col.; Bunnell, Pa.; Brown, Va.; Hopkins, N. Y.; Williams, O. Ventlation and acoustics—Laudes, 111. Compton, Md.; Davidson, Ala.; Vanue, Conn.; White, Ind.; Hangen, Wils.; Whitams, O. Alceholic liquor trailic—J. E. Campboll, O. Flaud, Mo.; Merriman, N. V.; McKen, Ark., Anderson, Ill.; McClammy, N. C.; Hunter, ky.; Cheadle, Ind.; Moffet, N. Y.; Yost, Va.

SOME STRANGE BIRTH MARKS. Marks and Deformities That Have

Been Due to Impressions Made Upor a Mother's Mind. The old saying that facts are stronger than fiction fieds ample proof in some articles that have recently appeared in English medical journals of the very highest standing. Observations and experiments upon both human beings and animals prove be-

yond question that the popular belief that im-pressions made upon enciente fe-males, do often appear in curi-ous marks and deformities upehtid on the

gave birth to a male child when born. For instance a woman in Lincolnshire who had been dreadfully frightened at slight of a mouse, feet imprint of a mouse in bright crimson on its back. Again, a lady living in London, while out for exercise one day, was run over and her left leg broken by a hansom cab. Her child, when born, some six months later, had a deformed left leg, a large bunch and curvature appearing at the point where the mother's leg was broken. Still, again; a valuable greyhound belonging to Lord Cairnsford was run over in Piccadily by an omnibus and both hind legs broken. Four of five pupples born some weeks later were found to have deformed hind legs.

Women who have been subjected to terrib' frights have given birth to idiotic or hasne children, just as certain children have inherited a love for liquor from intemperate parents. It is not surprising, then, that so many women are to day taking regularly, during the period of pregnancy. Scotch Oats Essence, that great nervine. It averts frights and terrors, counteracts the evil effects of impressions, assures healthy offspring, and, best of all, easy confinement and abundant breast milk. The oat kernel contains and steady nerves. It also contains "Boskine" from the oatmeal husk or bosk that relaxes the bowels gently and prevents distressing morning nausea. Scotch Oats Essence contains, in concentrated form, all the food, touic, and medicinal properties of the best oats.

It is a fact now well recognized by physicians that not only in makes strong bones and healthy muscles, but clear brains and steady nerves. It also contains that not only in groups and the like, but that mothers who use it, both before and after confinement, have plenty of pure, rich milk, and their children are singularly free from nervous and diarrhoral troables.

MR. BAYLEY'S CONSUL SUIT.

MR. BAYLEY'S CONSUL SUIT. A Question of Authority Between Two Departments Settled.

The case of the United States against Sampson P. Bayley, jr., and others was yesterday called for trial in the United States district court, Judge Hughes presiding, in Alexandria, Va., District Attorney . Catlett Gibson appearing for the government and Mr. J. V. Brooks, of Warrenton for the defendants. Mr. Bayley, while consul for the United States at Palermo, Italy, after consulting the Secretary of State, and by authority obtained from that official, expended \$846.66 in clerk hire, and official, expended \$346.66 in clerk hire, and so charged the expenditure in his accounts. When the first comptroller of the treasury came to pass upon the accounts he declined to allow the expenditure on the ground that it was not warranted by law, and even the authority of the State Department given him to employ the clerk and its subsequent approval of the youcher did not legalize the act. It was further held that relief could only be obtained through a special act of Congress. As the money had been paid by the consul and the expenditure was disallowed at the Treasury Department it left Mr. Bayley's account short just that amount. Believing that be could not he held liable, having acted under the instructions of the State Department, he declined to comply with the demand of the comptroller to hay over the \$36.66, and consequently suit was instituted to recover that amount with instructions of the Congress. At the trial yesterday the only witnesses examined were Mr. E. J. Reddicky acting chief of the bureau of the foreign division of consuls, first comptroller's office, and Dr. F. O. Sinclair, chief of the cressular bureau of the foreign division of consuls, first comptroller's office, and Dr. F. O. Sinclair, chief of the Cressular bureau of the foreign division of the former was in

ler's office, and Dr. F. O. Sinciair, chief of the cessular biresit of the State-Department. The testimony of the former was in support of the action which had been taken in the Treasiry Department, and that of the latter to susts a the Department of State in the position is had assumed. This virtually concensed matters, and reduced the question to one of suthority between the two departments. The counsel did not deem it necessary to make an argument, and agreed to submit the case to the jury on the charge of the court. of the court.
Judge Hugbes, in giving his instructions, said that in the case before them the jury had more power than the first comptroller, and it was for them to say whether or not the defendant should be made to pay out of his own means for clerk service for the covernment, when that assistance was all

government, when that sesistance was au-thorized by what had heretofore been ac-knowledged as the power to give such au-thorize. thority.

The jury without leaving the box returned a verdict for the defendant. Mr.
turned a verdict for the defendant.

Bayley has received many congratulations on the result.

MISS MARIE BREGAZZI Enchants a Select Circle of Friends

With Her Vocalization. A most delightful informal vocal treat was

afforded about forty invited musicians last night by Miss Marie Bregazzi at the parlors of the Young Men's Christian Association.

night by Miss Marie Bregazzi at the parlors of the Young Men's Christian Association. Miss Bregazzi is a pupil of the late Sig. Barrili, and has but recently returned from the Royal Conservatory of Music in Milao, where she studied under the world-famed Paulina Vaneri Filippi.

At the urgent requests of numerous friends she consented to give to a select company an exhibition of her vocal powers, and last night the promise was fulfilled in a manner that was most pleasing to those who were fortunate enough to be invited. Six selections were rendered and the versatility of a remarkably fine soprano volce was established beyond cavil. The first number was Gound's "Ave Maria," and the marvelous beauty of that grand composition was revealed as but few can reveal it. This was followed by Harrison Millard's "Waiting," and the sympathetic song was as charmingly sweet as a pure, full voice and perfect enunciation could make it. Following these were Lavallee's "Beautiful tilrl of Kildare;" Meyerbeer's "Robert, Idol of My Heart," from Robert Le Diable; J. L. Gilbert's "Bonnie Sweet Bessle, the Flower of Dundee," and, as a concluding triumph, Meyerbeer's "Aria del Sonno."

Rapturous applause greeted each effort, and simple justice demands the statement that the applause was honestly carreed. Miss Bregazzi's presence is good and her style excellent. The general public will have an opportunity to judge for itself in a few weeks, when a concert will be given, at which this gifted young Washingtonian will be the stellar attraction.

Her songs last evening were accompanied on the plant by Prof. William Waidecker, and to his skill not a little credit is due.

Business of Pension Office. The monthly report of the mail division the pension office for December, 1883 shows that there were handled by the divis on during the month 220,530 pieces of mall matter, or an average of 5,713 for every working day. Among the principal lieras were 15,178 reports from the adjutant general, 16,941 surgeons' certificates, 33,725 pieces of additional evidence, 30,819 miscallaneous letters, and 42,419 letters of inquiry. The total number of letters sent out during the month was 156,070.

Recollections of China.

The lecture room of the Jefferson school building was packed to overflowing Wednesday evening to hear Col. Charles Titinots Beostlers in Jail.

Chicano, Jan. 5.—John Hogan, member of the school board, and John B. Price, deputy thereiff, both indicted for boodlery in Cambridge, have been arrested and are now in jail. A MORE-ACTIVE MARKET,

everal Bull Rumors Circulated and Prices Advance.

New York, Jan. 5.—The stock market was less active to-day, but was decidedly strong and showed a broadening tendency, which has not been seen for a long time. The coal stocks and the grangers were again the leaders of the speculation, and in the early morning the prevailing bullish feeling was strengthened by reports that the Read

was strengthened by reports that the Reading officials would arbitrate the question with the miners, and a general buying movement was inaugurated, which extended to the general list. This was aided by a rumor that the more inflaential bull leaders had formed a pool to twist the shorts, which prevented a further increase in the short interest and so restricted business to very small limits.

The opening was quiet but steady, and the market was firm from the first sale. The market became barren of feature before noon. After that time, however, there was a little more animation, and Quieksliver preferred became the special feature. Most of the list reached their highest points at about 1 p. m., after which the market remained steady at the advance. The close was quiet but firm at about the best prices of the day.

Money on call has been easy, ranging from 3 to 4½, last can at 3, and closing offered at 2. Sterling exchange is dull and affinite strong, Actual business at 483 to 4832 for 60-day bills, and 4861 to 4862 for demand. Posted rates 485 to 487. 260 evernment bonds dull and steady.

Tressury balances—Coin, \$131,968,457.

steady.
Treasury balances—Coin, \$131,968,457; currency, \$0,559,174. The following were the closing bid quo

The following were the closing bid quotations:

48, coup. 1234; 434, 1074; Pac. 68 of '95, 119; Dist. Col. 8.608, 11; Ga. 78, gold 1044; La. Coll. 8.608, 11; Ga. 78, gold 1044; La. Coll. 8.608, 11; Ga. 78, gold 1044; La. Coll. 90; Mo. 68 of '88, 100; N. C. Coll. 68, 118; do. 8, 20; Tennessee new 98, 39; do. 58, 100; do. 38, 59; Va. 68, 48; do. 68, 100; do. 38, 59; Va. 68, 48; do. 68, nat. coupon, 40; Coll. Pac. firsts, 1134; Denver and Rio Grande firsts, 73; M. K., and T., gen. 68, 71; do. 58, 62; Northern Pac. firsts, 116; do. seconds, 1034; Northwestern cons., 1039; do. debenture, 105; St. Land San Fran., 1124; St. Paul coll., 124; St. J. P. C. and Pac. 18; 118; Southern Pac. Col. firsts, 1115; T. P. R. G. & C. 62; Northern Pacific 1st, 1124; West Shore, 109; Adams Express, 140; Alton and T. H. 20; do. pdd., 70; Am. Express, 106; Bos. Air Line pdd., 97; B. C. and R. N., 30; Canada Southern, 56; Canton, \*50; Cen. Pac., 324; Chee, and Ohlo, 33; Chicago and Alton, 180; Canada Southern, 56; Canton, \*50; Cen. Pac., 324; Chee, and Ohlo, 33; Chicago and Alton, 180; Canada and Col., 52; Con. Coal, 25; Dol. and H. G. 104; Dol. & Lack., 129; Den. & R. G. 22; Erle, 233; do. pdd., 61; Fort Wayne, 16; Harlem, 212; Hous. & Tex., 30; Ill. Cent., 116; Karsas & Texas, 18; L. E. & W., 185; Lake Shore, 304; L. J. and Char., 53; M. & L., 139; Mich. Con., 80; Mo. Pac., 81; N. Chat., 70; Chicago and St. L., 159; Ma. & L., 159; M. A. J. Cen., 75; Nortolk and Western pdd., 51; Northern Pac., 224; do. pdd., 50; Northwestern, 1074; do. pdd., 139; N. Y. Che., 107; Chicago and St. L., 159; do. pdd., 62; Ohlo and Miss., 235; do. pdd., 71; do. pdd., 62; Ohlo and Miss., 235; do. pdd., 71; do. pdd., 62; Ohlo and Miss., 235; do. pdd., 71; do. pdd., 62; Ohlo and Miss., 235; do. pdd., 71; do. pdd., 62; Ohlo and Ban. Fran., 335; do. pdd., 71; do. pdd., 62; Ohlo and Miss., 235; do. pdd., 71; do

Grain and Provisions. Following is the range of prices in the Chicago market, furnished by B. K. Plain & Co., St. Cloud Building, corner, Ninth and F streets:

Opng. High. 78 7514 7514 7514 5314 8519 77% 78% 84% January.... February.... May.... 48% 49 54% 32 314 3516 31% 31% Ard— January..... 7 674 7 674 7 60 February.... 7 70 7 70 7 624 May..... 7 974 8 60 7 85

Washington Stock Exchange.
The following list of the most active stocks deal
in on the Washington Stock Exchange is furnished
by Mesers, Bell & Oo., Bankers, No. 1437 Pennsylvania avenue: January 5, 1887. Bid. Asked.

2014 Telephone Stocks: 50.
Pennsylvatia. 50.
Chesapeake and Potoma. 100. 73%
Miscellaneons Stocks:
Washington Market Company. 58.
Washington BrickMachine Co 100. 215
Great Falls ice Company. 100. 115
Real Resate Title Ins Co. 100. 118
Columbia Title Ins Co. 5. avg.
National Bafe Deposit Co. 100. 100 ....100.. 73% 74%

WHISKY quiet, \$1.15@1.16. Other articles unchanged.

BALTIMORE STOCK MARKET.

MARRIED.

DE ARNAUD-FISHER.—Col. CHARLES A. DE ANNAUD and Mrs. SUSAN S. FICHER, the widow of the late Win. Fisher, by Rev. Dr. Glesy, as-isted by Rev. Motl. No cards. DIED.

FORD-Wedne-day morning, Jan. 4, ANNA OURA, eldest daughter of S. Caivert and Anna e Compile Ford. Funeral from St. Matthew's Church Friday

LEAVY, -At Harper's Ferry, on Jan. i, Non-notent Leavy, aged 8 years, 6 months, 4 days, only son of Capt. I. T. Leavy, U. S. A., and Mannaret Leavy.

His funeral services will take place from the residence of his grandiather, No. 1858 K street northwest, Friday, Jan. 5, at 2 p. m. Relatives and friends invited to attend.

W. R. SPEARE, Undertaker,

UNDERTABERS.

240 F Street Northwest. Ar Everything strictly first-class and on the most reasonable terms. [Camp Chairs to hire for all coessions.]

TELEPHONE CALL-340. OPIUM AND Wiftsky Habits pain; book of particular sent free. E. M. Weight, M. D., Atlanta, Gi.

Grand Army Officers Installed. There was a much larger attendance at the meeting of Lincoln Post, No. 3, G. A. the meeting of Lincoln Post, No. 3, G. A. R., last Wednesday evening than usual, this being the occasion for installing the newly-elected officers. Those installed were as follows: James E. McCabe, commander: M. T. Anderson, senior vice commander; J. C. De Putrph, junior vice commander; J. L. Thoraton, adjutant; John A. Van Doren, quartermaster: Dr. Florence Denohue, surgeon; Rev. Benj. Swallow, chaplain; W. P. Seville, officer of the day; W. H. Baker, officer of the guard; J. S. Wyckoff, sergeant major; Jacob Jacobson, quartermaster sergeant.

RAILWAY NOTES.

A traffic agreement has been reached by the Wabash and St. Louis and Chicago railroads. During 1886 the number of railways which were sold in bankruptcy was thirty-one, ag-gregating 5.478 miles, with a capital invest-ment of \$228,000,000. The freight rates on iron and steel from Pitts-burg to Chicago and East St. Louis have been reduced from 21 to 1715 and 15 cents by the Central Traffic Association. Everything cise has been advanced.

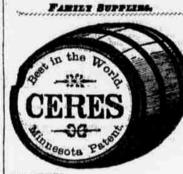
CITY ITEMS.

HOWLAND DENTAL ASSOCIATION, Zil Pour-and-a-half street northwest, three doors north of Pennsylvania avenue. E. P. Howland, M. D. C. H. Howland, D. B. S., surgical, operative, and mechanical dentists. Extractions, under nitrous oxide, 50 cents each tooth, and only 50 centscatirs for gas, whether one or a number of teeth are extracted at the same sitting. Have administered nitrous oxide to over 45,000 persons. Artificial teeth 87 per set. Gold, amaigam, and white fillings inserted in the best manner. All work warranted first class. Berketley, a pure rye whisky, the best on the market for the price, \$4 per gallon, \$1 a quart, and 50 cents a pint, 25 cents a sample bottle. Tharp, \$18 F street northwest.

"ALDERNRY DAIRY WAGONS."—Fresh Alderney Butter churned every morning and delivered in 36 pound "Ward" prints, at 45 cents per pound. Also cottage cheese, 5 cents per ball; buttermilk, 5 cents per quart, and sweet milk at 5 cents per quart.



This powder never varies. A maryel o purity, strength, and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powder. Sold only in costs. BOYAL BARING POWDER CO., 106 Wall St., N. Y.



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PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR BROKEN STONE, CEMENT, SAND, FIRE - BRICKS, AND GRANITE, AND TIN, Dec. 31, 1887.—Scaled proposals, severally indorsed "Proposals for Broken Stone," "Cement," "Sand," "Fire-bricks," "Granite," or "Tin," "Sand," "Fire-bricks," "Granite," or "Tin," will be received, from regular dealers only, at the Bureau of Provisions and Clothing, Navy Department, Washington, D. C., until 11 o'clock a. m., JAN, 23, 1888, and opened immediately thereafter in the presence of bidders, for the supply at the navy yard, Washington, D. C., of 6,000 Barrels broken stone, 2,000 barrels coment, 18,000 bushels sand, 46,000 fire-bricks, 23 pieces granite coping, 36 granite stons, and 2,300 pounds of block imbrand "Lamb and Flag," or equal thereto. Cement and the to be delivered immediately. Broken stone, sand, and fire brick within 30 days, and granile within 40 days from date of contract. Offers will be received for one or more of the above-mentioned articles must conform to the Navy standard, and reservation of 20 per cent, will be withheld from the amount of each delivery until the completion of the constract. Bidders are referred to the Inspector of Provisions and Clothing at the Washington Navy Yard for specifications, forms of offer, and all information relatives to the articles required. The proposal must be made on the proper blank forms, and should set as indicated by the bione. The Department reserves the right to reject any proposal shired as made on the proper blank forms, our silved out as indicated by the blank. The Department reserves the right to reject any proposa not considered advantageous to the government.

Paymaster General United States Navy, defortiff.

FINAHOIAL.

DOUGLAS & JONES, 72 BEOADWAY AND II NEW ST., N. Y.
Euy and sell stocks and bonds for cash or on margin. Inferest allowed on deposits.
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Lawson, Douglas & Co. late of W. S. Lawson, Co. nov21-m.th

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DECORATED UMBRELLA SHADRS,
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TRAVELERS' GUIDE.

DIEDMONT AIR LINE.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT NOV. 21, 1887. Trains leave B. & P. Station, Sixth and B

Trains leave B. & P. Station, Sixth and B

Streets—

\*\*M.—East Tennessee mail daily for

Warrenton, Gordonsville, Charlottesville, Lynchburg, and stations between

Alexasdria and Lynchburg, Roaneke,

Bristol, Knowelle, Rome, Calers, Montgomery, and New Orleans. Pullman

Higher Washington to New Cricaus.

11:24 A. M.—Fast mail daily for Warrenton,

Charlottesville, Gordonsville, stations

Chesapeake and Chie route, Lynchburg, Rocky Mount, Danville, and

stations between Lynchburg and banville, Greensboro, Raleigh, Charlotte,

Atlanta, Birmingham, Monigomery,

New Orleans, Texas, and California,

Pullman Sleeper New York to Atlanta

in connection with Pullman Sleepers

Atlanta to New Orleans and Mann

Bondour Sleepers for Birmingham,

Vict Jung, and Enreveport. Solid

tra: as Washington to Atlanta, Deer

not connect for C. & O. route points on

1:25 P. M.—Daily, except Sunday, for Manse
ass, Birasburg, and intermediate sta
tions. Connects at Riverton with S.

V. R. R. for Lursy, striving at 6.10

V. R. R. for Lursy, striving at 6.10

V. M.—Western express daily for Warren-

V. R. R. for Luray, arriving at 8.10 p. m.
b. 20 p. m. —Western express daily for Warrenton, Gordonwille, Charlottesville, Louisville, Chindinasti, and 8t. Louis. Pullman Sleepers and solid trains Washington to Louisville; also for Lynchburg, Bristol, Chattanoogs, Memphis, Little Rock, and all southwestern points. Through Pullman Sleepers Washington to Memphis without change.

11:00 P. M.—Southern Express daily for Lynchburg, Danvillo, Haleigh, Ashevillo, Charlotte, Columbia, Alken, Augusta, Atlanta, Montgomery, New Orleans, Texas, and California. Pullman Sleepers Washington to New Orleans, via Atlanta and Montgomery Pullman Sleepers Washington to Aikon, S. C., without change.

TRAINS ON WASHINGTON AND OHIO DI-VISION
Leave Washington 9:12 a. m. daily, except Sun-

Hains On Washington and Otho Division
Leave Washington 9:12 a. m. daily, except Sunday, and 4:45 p. m. daily, arriving at Round Hill 11:48 a. m. and 7:21 p. m., returning, leave Round Hill 11:48 a. m. and 7:21 p. m., returning, leave Round Hill 5:50 a. m. daily and 1:30 p. m., daily accept Sunday, arriving Washington 5:30 a. m. and 5:55 p. m.

Through trains from the South vis Cherlotta, Danville, and Lynchburg, arrive in Washington 5:10 a. m., 8:25 p. m., via East Tennessee, Bristol, and Lynchburg at 10:56 a.m. and Charlotteaville at 9:40 p. m. Strasburg local at 9:47 a. m.

Tickets, Sleeping Car reservation, and information firmished and baggage checked at office, 13:00 Pennsylvania regions, and at passenger station, Pennsylvania regions.

B streets.

General Passenger Agont.

CHESAPEARE AND OHIO ROUTE.

CHESAPEARE AND OHIO ROUTE.

(Newport News and Mississippi Valley Company.)

Schedule in effect Nov 12, 1887.

Trains leave Union Depot, 5th and B sts.

10:57 A. M.—For Newport News. Old Poins Comfort, and Norfolk, Daily except Sunday. Arrive in Norfolk at 7/40 F. M.

11:24 A. M.—For stations on the Chesacoake and Obio, in Viginia, West Viginia, and Kentucky. Eally except Sunday. Sleeping are, Gifton Forge to Huntington.

5:30 F. M.—Fast western express daily. Solid train, with Fullman buffet sleeping cars to Louisville. Fullman service is Cincinnait, St. Louis, Remphis, and New Orleans.

Office 5:3 Fenn ave.

H. W. FULLER,

General Passinger Agent)

BALTIMORE & OHIO RAILROAD,

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT NOV. 20, 1887. SCHEDULE IN REFECT NOV. 20, 1887.

LEAVE WASHINGTON FROM STATION.COR.
NER OF NEW JERSEY AVE. AND G ST.
FOT CHICAGO. & Northwest, Exp. Daily 10:38
A. M., 9:30 P. M.
FOT CHICANAM & ST. LOUIS, Exp. Daily 10:38
A. M. 9:40 P. M.
FOT PITTEBURG & CLEVE. Exp. Daily 10:55 A.
M., 8:40 P. M.
FOT Lexington and local stations 18:40 A. M.
FOT PHILAGEDINIS, Newark, and Wilmington,
FOT PHILAGEDINIS, Newark, and Wilmington,
FOT Intermediate points between Baltimore
and Philadelphia, A. M. and 19:15 P. M.
FOT Singerly and intermediate points, 1:30
F. M.

For Intermediate points between Baltimore and Philadelphia, 45 A. M. and 45:15 P. M.
For Singerly and intermediate points, 14:30 P. M.
For Baltimore, 5, 6:30, 6:40, 7:20, 8:30, 9:50 A.
M., 12:30, 2:35, 3:16 (45-minute train), 3:20 4:38, 4:40, 6:30, 2:35, 6:45, 7:30, 8:35, and 11:30 P. M.
Sundays, 6:30, 7:20, 8:30, 9:50 A. M., 12:30, 2:35, 3:30, 4:40, 5:30, 5:50, 6:45, 8:35 and 11:30 P. M.
For ANNAPOLIS, 6:40 and 6:30 A. M., 12:10, and 4:30 P. M. On Sunday, 8:30 A. M., 14:0 P.
M. Leave Annapolis, 6:40, 8:30 A. M., 14:0 P. M.
For Way Stations between Washington and Saltimore, 8:00, 6:00, 3:30 A. M., 12:10, 3:30, 4:40, 6:45, and 11:30 P. M.
For Stations between Washington and Saltimore, 8:00, 6:00, 8:30 A. M., 12:10, 3:30, 4:40, 6:45, and 11:30 P. M.
For Stations on Metropolitan Branch, 16:35 A.
M., 18:30 A. M., 14:40 P. M., for principal stations only; [1:16 P. M., and 16:30 P. M. 90 Sunday stops at all stations.
For Gaithersburg and intermediate points, 19:30 A. M., 12:30, 5:30 And 11:30 P. M.
Church train leaves Washington on Sunday only at 1:0 P. M. stopping at all stations on Metropolitan Branch.
For FREDERICK, 18:40 A. M., 12:30 P. M., 15:30 P. M., 15:30 P. M. 50:30 P. M., 15:30 P. M., 16:30, 7:30, 8:30, and 11:30 P. M., 16:30, 7:30, 8:30, and 11:30 P. M., 16:30, 6:30, 8:30, and 11

Baggage called for and checked at hotels and residences on orders left at Ticket Offices, 619 and 1551 PENSSYLVANIA AVENUE. W. M. CLEMENTS, C. K. LORD, Manager, Gen: Pass, Agent.

For Boston without change, 2:00 - m every day.

For Brooklyn, N. Y., all through trainsconnect at Jersey City with boats of Brooklyn Annex, affording direct transfer to Fulton street, avoiding double ferrisce across New York city.

For Philadelphia, 7:20, 9:20, 11:30, and 11:30 p.m. On Sunday 9:30, 11:30 a.m., 2:30, 4:10, 6:30, 10:30, and 11:20 p.m. Aimted Express, Parlor and Dining Cars, 9:40 a.m. week days, and 3:45 p.m. daily.

ing Cars, 9:40 a. m. week days, and 3:15 p. m. daily.
For Baltimore, 6:35, 7:29, 9:20, 3:40, 9:50, 11:50, 11:40 a m. 17:55, 7:29, 0:43, 4:40, 4:20, 4:30, 6:50, 8:40, 10:50, and 11:20 p. m. On Sunday, 9:20, 9:20, 9:30, 11:40 a m. 2:30, 0:45, 4:10 6:30, 8:10, 10:30, and 11:20 p. m. On Sunday, 9:20, 9:20, and 11:20 p. m. daily except Sunday.
For Johnspolly, 7:20 and 9:00 a. m. 12:30, 4:20, and 6:00 p. m. daily except Sunday. Sundays, 9:20 s. m. 4:10 p. m.
AIEXANDRIA AND FREDERICKSBURG RAILWAY, AND ALEXANDRIA AND WASHINGTON RAILROAD.
For Alexandria, 6:00, 6:20, 8:40, 9:47, 10:27 a. m. 12:04 noon, 2:20, 5:20, 5:20, 6:20, 6:20, 5:20 p. m. Accommodations for Quantico, 5:20 p. m. Accommodations for Quantico, 5:20 p. m. For Richmond and the South, 6:20, 10:37 a. m., 4selly, and 6:20 p. m. daily, except Sunday.
Trains leave Alexandria for Washington. For Richmond and the South, 8:30, 19:37 a. m.; daily, and 3:31 p. m. daily, except Sunday.
Trains leave Alexandria for Washington, 6:35, 7:35, 8:36, 9:10, 10:15, 11:37 a. m.; 1:20, 8:30, 8:28, 8:10, 7:30, 8:32, 10:42, and 11:30 p. m. On Sunday at 9:10, and 11:37 a. m.; 2:30, 6:10, 7:30, 9:22, and 10:34 p. m.
Tickets and information at the office, northeast corner of 19th street and Fermsylvania avenue, and at the station, where orders can be left for the cheeking of baggage to destination from hotels and residences.

General Fassenger Agent.
CHAS. E. PUGH. General Manager.

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PEERLESS DYES They will dye everything. They are sold everywhere. Price 10c. a package—10 colors. everywhere. Price 10c. a package—10 colors. They have no equal for Strength, Brightness, amount in Packages, or for Fastness of Color, or non-fading Qualities. They do not crock or smut. For sale by TSCHAFFELEY & EVANS Wholesale Druggists, \$77 Ps. ave., Washington D. C.